The Home for Good program evaluation: A policy and research collaboration to assess and improve supportive housing during the COVID-19 pandemic

Ayan Yusuf, Research Coordinator

MAP Centre for Urban Health Solutions

Parvin Merchant, Director – Tenant and Member Services
Houselink & Mainstay Community Housing (HLMS)





LAND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We wish to acknowledge the sacred land on which MAP and Unity Health Toronto operate. It has been a site of human activity for 15,000 years. This land is the territory of the Huron-Wendat and Petun First Nations, the Seneca, and most recently, the Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation. The territory was the subject of the Dish With One Spoon Wampum Belt Covenant, an agreement between the Iroquois Confederacy and Confederacy of the Ojibwe and allied nations to peaceably share and care for the resources around the Great Lakes. Today, the meeting place of Toronto is still the home of many Indigenous people from across Turtle Island, and we are grateful to have the opportunity to work in the community, on this territory. We are also mindful of broken covenants and the need to strive to make right with all our relations.





TEAM AND FUNDING ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

MAP Centre for Urban Health Solutions

Dr. Stephen HwangPrincipal Investigator

Dr. James LachaudPrincipal Investigator

Dr. Cilia Mejia-Lancheros

Dr. Rosane Nisenbaum

Suzanne Zerger

MAP Community Expert Group

Evie Gogosis

Research Manager

George Da Silva

Research Assistant

Ayan Yusuf

Research Coordinator

Faith Maelzer

Research Student

Melissa Perri

Research Student

Collaborator

Houselink and Mainstay Community

Housing (HLMS) – formerly Mainstay Housing

Mainstay staff time - In-kind support

Funding

Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR) Foundation Grant (FDN-167263)

Canadian Institutes of Health Research in partnership with the Institute of Population and Public Health, and Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation: Fellowship Award in Research & Knowledge Translation on Urban Housing and Health (RAT-171348)





AGENDA

- Background
- 2. Partnership Context: Research Collaboration
- 3. Home for Good Program At HLMS
- 4. Evaluation Methods
- 5. Study Findings and Key Takeaways
- Next Steps for HLMS





BACKGROUND

- This project is an evaluation of the Home for Good (HFG) program at Houselink and Mainstay Community Housing (HLMS) – formerly Mainstay Housing
- The evaluation study was carried out by researchers at MAP Centre for Urban Health Solutions at St. Michael's Hospital, in collaboration with Houselink and Mainstay Community Housing (HLMS)
- Evaluation is approved by St. Michael's Hospital Research Ethic Board
- All participants consented to be part of the evaluation study





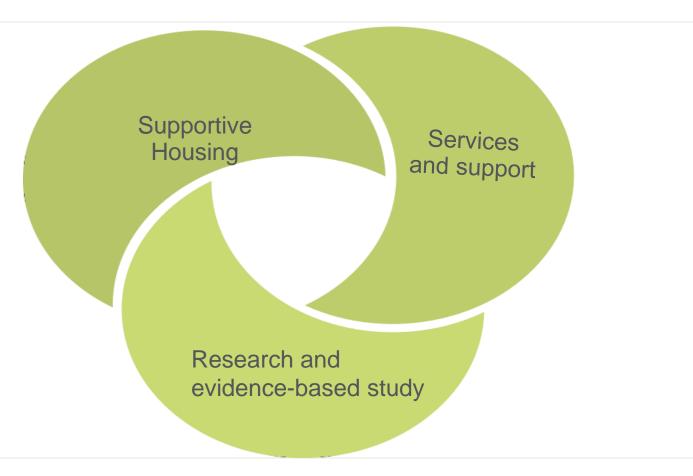
PARTNERSHIP CONTEXT

- 1. Limited research on successful supportive housing models
- 2. Shared interest on new or improved housing models in the City of Toronto
- 3. Opportunity for mutual learning:
 - How does supportive Housing function?
 - Interest in exploring ways to assess housing program outcomes
 - Understanding the process of housing transitions for people moving into private market housing





PARTNERSHIP CONTEXT CONT'D





HOME FOR GOOD PROGRAM

- Provincially funded program since 2018
- Provide Permanent Affordable Housing
- Place-based support (on-site)
- Step up: Intense support (staff provides functions of case management and housing worker role)
- Step down: Connect tenants to moderate support

Choice

Housing First

Recovery

Harm Reduction

Rights Based

Trauma Informed

Community Integration

Housing Stability

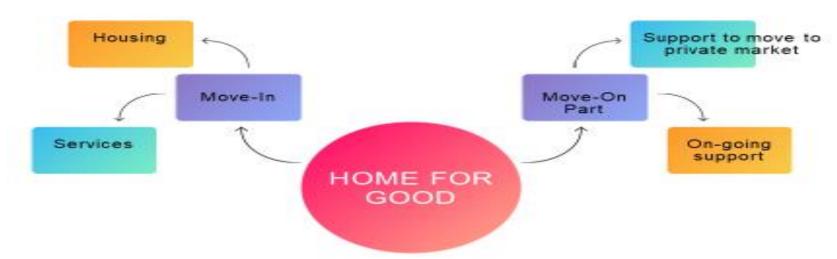




HOME FOR GOOD AT HLMS

Aim: Provide Permanent Affordable Housing

"The last 10, 15 years of my life have been basically a rollercoaster, I had some addiction issues and issues like depression"



"I was homeless for the last ten years of my life and I've had a really, really rough time as a young man living in the city, securing stable housing, spent a lot of "I was homeless for the last ten years of my life and I've had a really, really rough time as a young man living in the city, securing stable housing, spent a lot of time on the streets, a lot of time going to different drop-in around the city, spent a lot of the times within shelters."





PARTNERSHIP TIMELINE

Partnership Initiation 2018

Gap Identification

Study Initiation -2019

Co-creating evaluation study design/research questions

REB 2020

• Developing Research Protocol process/ Addition of COVID-19 - Context

Study preparation

• Creating data sharing agreement/collaboration agreement

Study Implementation 2021

• Data Collection: Quantitative, Qualitative, and administrative data linkage

Reporting/Knowledge sharing/ publication

• Community presentation, Community report, academic publications





COVID-19 CHANGES AND ADAPTATION

Early phase of COVID-19 (March-April 2020)

HFG program in-person community activities were put on hold Implementation of public health measures **with staff on-site** Increased staff turn over
Study activities pivoted from in-person to virtual

COVID-19-Adaptation On-site staff to assist tenants to access remote services (distribution of phones/internet access)

Office modifications and common area: new counseling room spaces with Plexiglas/New staff room;

PPE distribution, enhanced on-site cleaning measures and hand hygiene stations

Increased food distribution (groceries and warm meal). Community walk-in meal and coffee program

Move-In component reopened to housing during the COVID-19

Move-on component put on hold, then completely pause due to funding

Outcomes

Avoided COVID-19 outbreak within the program building Conducted the evaluation study within COVID-19 context with the support of HLMS on-site staff



HOME FOR GOOD: EVALUATION RESEARCH







DATA COLLECTION

- Housing workers: 1 focus group interview with 5 staff
- Move-In component: 12 tenants completed both quantitative and qualitative interviews
- Move-On: 10 qualitative interviews completed with tenants in private market housing
- For those left in transition: 11 qualitative interviews

(NB: Interviews were conducted by a peer-researcher and members of the research team. All research activities were carried out remotely using ZOOM. A room was set up with a laptop at the program building to facilitate data collection. Program tenants and staff were compensated.)



MAIN RESULTS: COVID-19

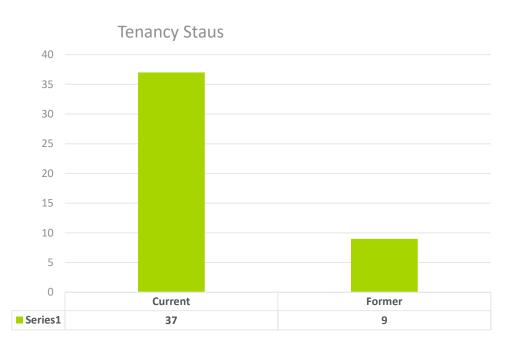
"...during COVID yeah, when you hear them say stay home as much as possible I can and I don't have to have anybody in my place whereas remember in the shelter I Group and was in a room full of five women. this definitely is you in-person know, yeah, like I'm thankful. Very Thankful activities on hold Social Staff Isolation turnover and and burn loneliness "I definitely have been a lot more isolated out of tenants "I've been having some issues with [during the pandemic]. I really interact with less people. Of course, spending more time mental health lately and I'm just COVID-19 inside." worried I'm going to end up just sitting and waiting to die and then it's just Lack of depressing so and I wouldn't mind Increase of some help." access to symptoms of mental external health support Increased Alcohol "We've had a lot of deaths which is really and drug hard because I've never, I've never use experienced so much passing away."

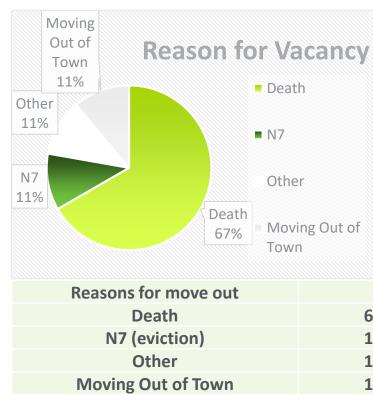




HFG: MOVE-IN COMPONENT OUTCOMES

46 out 60 (or 76.7%) individuals housed







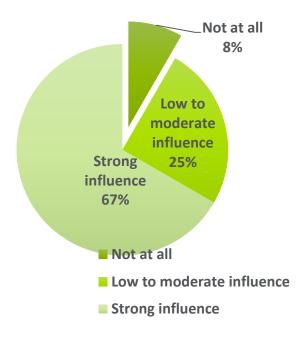


COVID-19 AND MENTAL HEALTH SYMPTOMS

Mental health: Colorado Symptoms Index



COVID-19 worsened or deteriorated your mental health conditions

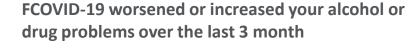


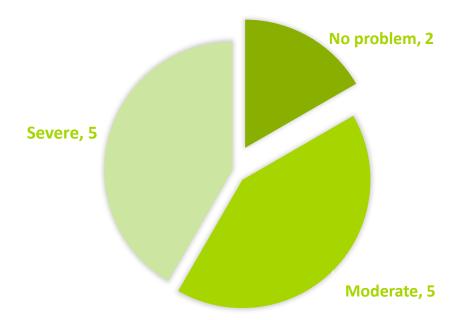


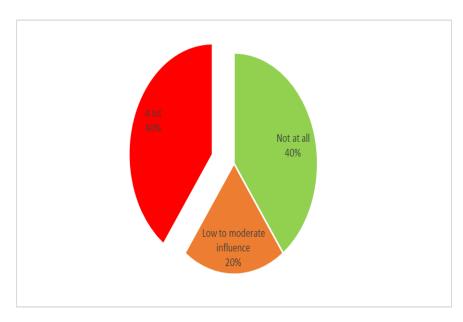


ALCOHOL AND DRUG USE AND COVID-19

Alcohol and Drug Use (GAIN-Short Screener)





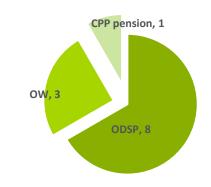






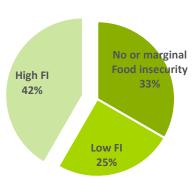
Income and Food insecurity

Income source



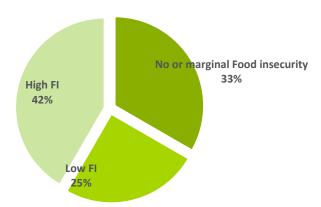
- In 2020, ODSP and OW \$14,028 or \$8,796 per year for a single person, respectively.
- Poverty line of \$20,057 per year for a single person

Food insecurity



COVID-19

COVID-19 worsened or deteriorated your general food security status







HFG: MOVE-ON COMPONENT OUTCOMES

11 individuals moved to private market housing

Structural housing market issues (including housing costs)

Discrimination

Left **21** individuals in an undetermined "in-transition"

Move-on component completely stopped





KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Housing is an important step, but remains a complex process:
- Moving to housing: Tenants expressed fear, anxiety, joy and being blessed or thankful;
- During the COVID-19 pandemic, single-unit housing helped participants adhere to public health measures
- Infestations and personal safety remained an issue and a risk factor for both mental and physical health;
- Most individuals that remained in the "in-transition" expressed their frustration and felt abandoned in the middle of the process;
- Move-On: The process of moving into private market housing was long and difficult, but tenants
 were happy to have a more independent life. They also reported new challenges such as increased
 cost of living.





NEXT STEPS FOR HLMS: ON-SITE SERVICES





- Groceries were delivered
- Warm meals were delivered (5N2 and food bank)
- Starting commercial kitchen within the building
- Learning about health concerns and malnutrition with Uof T

Well being indicator (food insecurity)

Health
Care needs

- Partnership with ALC housing provider to support clients within the building
- Community Health Centres connection to primary care services and programs
- Looking to bring mobile health services

- Onsite programming walking, coffee group
- Dying Alone research application submitted
- Laptop available at site to facilitate virtual appointments (Wi-Fi at site)

Diversity & Social Inclusion

Rights,
Safety and
Cleanliness

- Pest control blitz
- Safety Improved control access
- Cleanliness more staff
- Tenant rights education CERA





NEXT STEPS FOR HLMS: SERVICE ADVOCACY

- Raising awareness about the challenges to house individuals in private housing market
 - Increased calls for supportive housing units
 - Offering education for private market landlords
- 2. Tenants expressed the need for placed-based support
 - Advocacy to increase mixed-income housing with supports
- 3. Food insecurity issues
 - Advocating to raise ODSP/OW basic income and shelter allowance
- 4. Engaging in community-based research to build evidence that will drive effective public policies on supportive housing
 - !Issues around dying alone











THANK YOU!!

Read the full report <u>here</u>.

Parvin Merchant

Director – Tenant and Member Services

Houselink and Mainstay Community Housing

Contact information: pmerchant@hlms.ca

www.hlms.ca

Ayan Yusuf

Research Coordinator

MAP Centre for Urban Health Solutions

Contact information: Ayan. Yusuf@unityhealth.to

www.maphealth.ca